

## Assembly, Use, and Safety Manual Quiz

This quiz is given to be sure you have read and understood the key points contained in this manual.

Circle the correct answer and check your answers against the answer key on the last page. If you miss any questions, tell your trainer or the competent person and have them explain the correct answer to you. Put your initials next to any question you missed after you understand why you missed it.

At the end of the test, sign and date it, cut it out along the dotted line, and give it to your employer.

1. If you need a copy of the Non-Stop Scaffolding Assembly and Use Manual you can: (cover)
  - a) Call Non-Stop Scaffolding and we will mail you one.
  - b) Print one from our website at nonstopscaffolding.com
  - c) Both a and b
2. What is the maximum working height of Non-Stop Heavy Duty? (p. 2)
  - a) 100 feet
  - b) 137 feet
  - c) 552 feet
3. Where should the Non-Stop Heavy-Duty Scaffolding Assembly, Use, and Safety Manual be kept? (p. 3)
  - a) In the foreman's truck.
  - b) On the job site at all times.
  - c) At the home office.
4. Erection, use, and dismantle of Non-Stop must be supervised by: (p. 3)
  - a) a competent person trained on Non-Stop scaffolding.
  - b) Someone with the authority to halt work if there is a problem.
  - c) Both a and b.
5. In what location should the cross brace be left out for the forklift bar? (p. 5)
  - a) The very top
  - b) 2 braces from the bottom
  - c) At least halfway up (from the bottom)
6. Do not use a forklift to lift towers over: (p. 6)
  - a) 27 feet (Base and 2 extensions)
  - b) 45 feet (Base and 4 extensions)
  - c) 54 feet (Base and 5 extensions)
7. When installing the pulley, mount it: (p. 6)
  - a) Half-way up.
  - b) Three-quarters of the way up.
  - c) As high as possible.
8. Does Non-Stop require the use of mud sills? (p. 7)
  - a) Yes
  - b) No
9. Can Non-Stop towers be spaced closer than 7 feet? (p. 7)
  - a) Yes
  - b) No
10. When placing Non-Stop towers at the wall, the masons walkboards must be no farther than: (p. 8)
  - a) 3 inches from the wall.
  - b) 12 inches from the wall.
  - c) 14 inches from the wall.
11. When placing Non-Stop towers at the wall, you must connect them together at the bottom with a straight brace, and again with an adjustable straight brace every: (p. 8)
  - a) 27 feet of height.
  - b) 36 feet of height.
  - c) 45 feet of height.
  - d) 54 feet of height.
12. When starting from the ground, surplus winch cable should be: (p. 9)
  - a) wound off on the spools on the side of the winch.
  - b) cranked onto the winch drum.
  - c) stored neatly on the scaffold.
13. Planks used on Non-Stop should be: (p. 9)
  - a) at least as good as you find at a good lumber yard like Home Depot.
  - b) 2x8s or 2x10s with no knots.
  - c) rough sawn lumber at least 6 inches wide.
  - d) boards certified for use as scaffold planks.
14. The ends of the planks on Non-Stop, must extend: (p. 9)
  - a) at least 2 inches past the center of the board support.
  - b) at least 6 to 12 inches past the center of the support.
  - c) no more than 1/4 inch past the support so it is as flush as possible.
15. The plank overlap in the middle of a run must be: (p. 9)
  - a) at least three times the board thickness.
  - b) at least 12 inches (and six inches past the center of their support).
  - c) at least 16 inches, and no more than 4 feet.
16. Where is it recommended to climb Non-Stop Scaffolding? (p. 10)
  - a) Only on the ends
  - b) Only where it turns a corner
  - c) In the middle of a run
17. Guardrails are required when the work platform reaches: (p. 10)
  - a) 4 feet high.
  - b) 6 feet high.
  - c) 10 feet high.
  - d) 12 feet high.

18. When installing 2x4 guardrails, use: (p. 10)

- a) 16-foot 2x4s.
- b) 12-foot 2x4s.
- c) 8- to 9-foot 2x4s.

19. The Access Landing is required when the scaffold tower extends less than: (p. 10)

- a) 4 feet above the laborers' platform.
- b) 7 feet above the laborers' platform.
- c) 12 feet above the laborers' platform.

20. When accessing Non-Stop you can climb the x-braces : (p. 10)

- a) when the climbing height does not exceed 15 feet.
- b) when there are no materials stocked over the climbing area.
- c) never.

21. When tying Non-Stop to the wall, the first tie should be installed when the work platform reaches: (p. 10)

- a) 32.5 feet (5 times the base width).
- b) 26 feet (4 times the base width).
- c) 19.5 feet (3 times the base width).

22. After the first tie is installed, Non-Stop must be tied to the building: (p. 10)

- a) every 10 to 12 feet vertically.
- b) every extension tower.
- c) every 26 feet vertically.
- d) every 36 to 40 feet vertically.

23. Non-Stop must be tied to the building horizontally: (p. 10)

- a) every 7 feet (every leg).
- b) every 14 feet (every other leg).
- c) every 35 feet and every end.

24. To properly tie the scaffold on a wall over 45 feet tall, you should: (p. 11)

- a) Just add a few extra wall ties
- b) Use Non-Stop's tie-in guidelines for walls over 45 feet
- c) Follow the standard wall tie recommendations for conventional frames.

25. When raising and lowering the work platform: (p. 12)

- a) crank each leg as high as possible and go to the next.
- b) crank each leg no more than eight inches and go to the next.
- c) crank two or more winches simultaneously, but no more than 8 inches.
- d) Both b and c.

26. What is the maximum load capacity of Non-Stop Heavy-Duty scaffolding? (p. 14)

- a) 3,000 pounds
- b) 2,500 pounds
- c) 4,000 pounds

27. Materials should be landed on Non-Stop: (p. 14)

- a) only on the ends of the scaffold
- b) in the open bays
- c) only in every other bay.
- d) both b and c

Sign here: \_\_\_\_\_

Print Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Instructor: \_\_\_\_\_

Answer key:  
 1. c 15. b  
 2. c 16. a  
 3. b 17. c  
 4. c 18. c  
 5. c 19. a  
 6. b 20. c  
 7. c 21. b  
 8. a 22. c  
 9. a 23. b  
 10. c 24. b  
 11. a 25. d  
 12. a 26. c  
 13. d 27. d  
 14. b

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